

ANT/SHE/03

WS

INTEGRATION

0042

ENDERBY

LAND

1977

①

3901-3900

3901-4000

3901-4400

INDEX

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Subject

ME Marsland

4/1/73

McLeod Ntkerben 40983

- ① N side - base of dyke near 11 and
 trends dipping, fairly massive brown-black
 charnockitic gneiss cut by small fault with
 slickensides. Dip 110° (to 20° angle)
 Some light pink granitic layers
 interbedded, but quite subordinate to gneiss.
 3401 Massive charnockitic gneiss

In large embayment on NE side -

- ② mostly massive charnockitic gneiss with
 subordinate light colored layers. Dip
 $090/-20^\circ$, and fairly regular. Basic
 dyke - vertical, trend 080° . 2 more dykes
 to W, similar trend.

Some coarse grained segregations in gneiss
 contain bluish or blackish quartz and pink
 feldspar otherwise the gneiss is extremely
 massive (cf Mt Selwood). Some ~~coarse~~ ^{coarse (0.5cm)} black spots

- ②A 3402 Dolerite dyke.
 3403-5 Oriented sample of dolerite (PW)
 ②B 3406, 7 White lens gneiss
 3408 Massive grey charnockitic gneiss
 The light beds here contain some **N**

? my bank

Dyke



garnet, but only locally. Many are leucocratic, with black quartz and pink feldspar. Some look rather altered (garnet \rightarrow kinkite?)

③ Summit of ridge at E point - massive chloritic greiss dip $290/10^\circ$

Dips to W, variable direction, but mostly shallows (open antiforms and synforms $\frac{1}{2}$ fold axes and a'ps trend roughly N-S. Dykes (2 garnet?) in cliffs of near west spur on N side

3409 massive chloritic greiss

④ Ridge (saddle) further to W (above embayment of 2nd landing spot)
Layered greiss - chloritic (brown), light, leucocratic greiss with rare garnet (quite dark grey in fresh surface)
Dip 10° to NE. On cliffs on S side are dykes, with an asymmetric fold with a mylonite zone (? could be dyke, but unlikely) along steep limb

Some of the lens garnet greiss is W

quite well foliated. Some Cu
staining noted

3410-12 grey leucogneiss with
garnet

3413 major pyroxene gneiss
(some coarse-grained pyroxene
segregations) - slightly discordant

3414 grey gneiss with rounded, very
dark grains of quartz(?)

Dip 040/10

⑤ Spur on E side of large embayment
massive chloritic gneiss cut by
fresh dolerite dyke (trend ~ 080)
3415 dolerite

⑥ Near W end of mt - embayment on SW
side - W side near end of spur.
Evenly dipping, well banded gneiss dips
at $110^\circ/10^\circ$. Some leucocratic, dark
grey gneiss, with dark gneiss and some
garnetiferous layers, some evidence of
relict gneiss - green chlorite aggregates

and local deformation.

34'5 Grey garnet gneiss, possibly
some retrogression (alteration of garnet
etc) - quite strongly foliated.

5/1/77 Mt Ruess - Jones [MKR/L Ruess 07/10]

2nd spur from E on N side - saddle area

- ① Dip 120/15 but rather variable. Mostly
leucocratic garnet gneiss with klnst gtz
or gray gtz segregation. Some black
pyroxene & biotite layers. Pods (1-10's of cms)
of pyroxene or garnet are present - gtz may
be darker blue adjacent to these.
Rocks look ~~to~~ quite deformed, & possibly
foliated. Volcanic dykes trend 220° and clear
or mylonitic zones cut contacts.

Next spur to W, dip is gentle to S - mod
strongly layered. Summit area dip 30° to 5-
strongly layered; ridge to NW of summit
also strongly layered, with tight folds (at
N to foliation), cut by large dyke, dip
S

W Eastern spur - layered gneiss

underlies massive brown chloritoid gneiss

3417 Leucocratic garnet gneiss

3418 Leucocratic garnet gneiss

3419 mafic (? pyroxene) lenses in
garnet gneiss

3420 ? Biotite dyke

3421 ? Fine grained, altered dyke
margin

3422 deformed mafic rock (appears to
be slightly discordant)

(2) Middle of S side - low angle strike of

embayment

Banded gneiss, dip $S_{1/4}^{(120)} \sim 20^\circ - 30^\circ$

Much leucocratic garnet gneiss, some
qtz-rich layers with blue qtz. Some massive
quartz-feldspar gneiss. Dykes +

possible mylonite zones (shear). Also
conformable or subconformable lenses

Much massive qtz/feld gneiss to S of with
trace (dip $14^\circ/20$). Lineation $\sim 190^\circ/25$.

Much evidence of retrogression - shear etc.
(conformable mostly). mafic gneiss layers

have ~ 50% pyroxene

- 3423 Sandst gneiss with blue quartz
- 3424 Grey leucogneiss
- 3425 mafic pyroxene gneiss
- (2A) 3426 Altered qtz/feld gneiss (garnet → chlorite?)
- 3427 ? Altered mafic gneiss

(3) Near W end (S side)

massive qtz feld gneiss with ~~no~~ minor mafic pyroxene rich layers Ab 30 to 1900

2 mafic dykes (dolente) trend

080, but are rather sheared, parallel to margins, the larger dyke especially (20m)

direction 190/30

3428 massive grey qtz/feld gneiss

3429 Sheared dolente (larger dyke)

3430 Dolente from thin dyke (1 metre)

3431-4 Dolentes for paleomagnetic dating (PW)

Mt Soucek

SW corner on ridge Mt R-L Run 16

- ① massive garnet qtz feld gneiss Dip 190° / 40°. Some kinked quartz-rich segregations, some layers contain garnets up to 1cm across.
- 3435 Sandst quartz feldspar gneiss

NE cliff of mountain - mod well layered gneiss - dip 160/50°

Peacock Ridge

Unnamed NW to E of Mt Soucek

- ② Dip 160/45 ^{quite well} layered gneiss - qtz feld (grey) well pyroxene, garnet, mafic pyroxene gneiss etc. garnet is quite abundant locally, as is pyroxene, esp in mafic layers. Also coarse segregation of pyx/qtz/feld

3436 Segregation of coarse pyroxene / qtz / feld in mafic gneiss

3437 Qtz / feld gneiss (grey) with altered mafic (rock is slightly deformed)

3438 mafic pyroxene gneiss

Retrogression is common, particularly along discordance shear ∞

③ Ciraham Peak ————— Summit

Rather narrow bedded gneisses, dip
160°/30. Some gray ~~remnants~~
± garnet and pyroxene; relatively
abundant biotite grains.

3439 gray gtz/feld gneiss — looks
rather altered (retrogressed)

3440-5 Tolente dykes from
Pearson Ridge (P.W.)

1/1/77 Pyro mts

Mc Giddens + NCK to SW (350/SS on SW)

Mod layered gneiss; fairly even dip ~320°/50/
Some light brown, quartzite-feld layers;
Some mafic layers (mc ~~quartzite~~ mafic) Tight folds
McNaughton Ridge, similar (N ridge) — dip

much the same, quite well layered gneiss; On
main ridge dips variable — some major
folds, tight to nodular folds

Some irregular granite(?) veins (may
be locally the contact) 1/3 from SW ⁶
most light? granite gneiss with more folded darker layers.

Cont

N West - dip to N 45°

SE end dip to SE

franklin gneiss. larger could be field

note.

10x6 NE to SW - dip of layered gneiss

313 / 70

Mr Douglas.

All fairly massive red greis, with several mafic dykes (~ NW trend)

Nth Wg Mt Robinson

Nye Mts R 8 1184

① ~~Star~~ near Summit (towards E end)
Strongly ^{banded} acid gty / feld greis with
some ~~con~~ kaol layer.

More leucocratic types are quite
fissile (aligned biotite X's). Tight
interfolial folds are common and larger,
wider folds seen in cliffs.

Large mafic or ultramafic body - lots of
veins across

3446 Biotite gneiss

3447 Ultramafic rock

Dip 160/80

Coarse grained, pink biotite pegmatite
trend 150 (~5-10 metres in largest case)

The large pegmatite is strongly deformed
by a shear zone which dips 050/45

The pegmatite is strongly deformed and
finely recrystallized, with large

feldspar grains up to 10 cm across

Smaller white kushite pegmatite trend
180°, dip E at ~50-60°. Typical
width of these is ~30 cm.

In the greisies kushite is conspicuous,
+ garnet in ~~the~~ some layers.

? Hornblende in mafic layers

Gneisses in general are quite
similar to Malodezhnaya. ~~The~~ Grey
quartz pods, veins and segregations
noted (including in core of large

pegmatite. Also coarse, pegmatitic
segregation. ^{base} No dikes seen,

but impression is mafic gneiss
may be more common than elsewhere
in central Enderby Land.

Gravity reading on table immediately N
of Mt Douglas - about highest point
(flat area)

SE end Mt Barchelsky - dike or mafic body

Mt Jordan - mafic zone or dike

Mt Aleksheyev - dip toward Mt Kay

Red gneiss at base of mafic dike

2 dikes on mt 1st to E

==



Mr. Renouard - photo

S end of Mt Siddons, dip to NE

8/1/77

Mt Renouard SE side - strongly
layered grass and some lighter grass

[Mt Goddard Peak 2100]

Sapphirine Ntk (E end of ridge)

Bar 10 985

510/63

11.30 am MBT

890.4 decP

890.31

-4°C

890.5 micP

890.40

(uncorrected - subtract
2.02)

[890.33]

① 3448, 9 Sapphirine and other

Ntk 2 mls to ENE

12.50 pm

-2°C

510/63

985 = NB

893.82

893.86

893.88

893.89

(uncorrected)

② Pk 110/-25° (has various dips)

Similar to sapphirine Pk

Qtz feld mass with garnet and
hypersthene. Some micro or ultramicro
psed (epid + plagioclase? cross) - relatively
light in colour. Grains are generally
qtz/feld with bluish quartz-rich
layers common. Thin sapphirine
rich layers with garnet and white
? feldspar are quite common in qtz/feld/
garnet masses. The layers locally
have high or garnet-rich ~~schists~~
schists. The rocks show evidence
of mobilization - se. layers are
discontinuous and pinch out.

Qtz/feld layers are often discordant
to these (and to some qtz layers).
Microfelds are common. Much evidence

of retrogression in shear zone.
Some thin 5-20 cm thick qtz
feldspar porphyroclasts.

This mylonite cuts out layers

3450-2 layered sa - rich
rock with feldspar (2 mg orthoclase)

3453-5 ? sa rock

N.B. { 3457 layered gneiss with ? sphene
3456 mafic gneiss
3458 ? Ultramafic (or mafic) rock

③ NEK 2 mls ENE - Summits of 6 peaks.

Baro m. 510 other bars 4/5

864.42

864.49

-2°C 2.50 pm

Dip 310/6: -70

Well layered gneiss -
Some very massive, leucocratic (10%
quartz) and almost devoid of feldspar.
Dip is very like in many rocks
Some ^{thin} quartzite layers (from a few cms up)
Some layers of massive gneiss (rare)
Gneiss have almost a granitic
texture with fine grained, zoned texture
(irregular dist. of feldspar)

Coarse - gneiss areas.

Some layers are garnet rich (up to
12% - associated with black quartz
rich zones) - and some contain
sillimanite. A few thin layers
have minor ?sapphirine.

A few ~~to~~ more layers are also
permeated by pyroxene
veins. ~~Veins~~

3459 garnet leucogneiss

3460 garnet sillimanite gneiss

3461 garnet ?sapphirine gneiss

3462 mafic pyroxene gneiss

Mt. Sones - E cliffs near N end -

mount lake (1) [McLeod Run 5 2090]

0°C 4. 20 p.m.

Baro 985 510

914.83 914.69

914.82 914.71

(uncorrected)

3463 Charnokite from NE outcrop (4)

(base of cliff) - massive red gneiss

with a few lighter layers Unconsolidated

15

Dip $130^{\circ}/80$

Well banded gneisses - 90% qtz feld
predominate - white feld, bluish grey
quartz + red garnet - some individual bands
are quite massive - variable degree of
deformation - some qtz are streaked out
lenticles. Rocks look, on the whole,
quite deformed - pyroxene pods (~30cm)
with pegmatitic segregations in
pressure shadow regions. Also
cross cutting qtz-feld^{garnet} pegmatites grade
into calcifiable ones. Some very garnet
rich (50%) layers and mafic (? pyroxene)
granulites, garnet/blue quartz rocks etc.

3464 Tenucratic garnet gneiss

3465 Garnet ? pyroxene gneiss

3466 Garnet (? sillimanite / ? sapphire) gneiss

3467 ? pyroxene granulite

② Mt Jones - W side, half way up
cliffs.

0°C

5.25 pm

Baro no 985

510

914.59

914.53

914.69

914.57

(uncorrected)

Leucocratic garnet gneiss - dy/feld / rare garnet
similar to East locality, + more mafic
gneiss - some aluminum layers - much
zirconium + garnet + possible calciferous
(in the ground layers with hypsthene)
Exp 250/45 just E of landing -
but height, fairly high fold (at least
plunging)

3468 - Ill ? La garnet hyp gneiss

3469 - Ill garnet gneiss

9/1/27

Mt Robinson

Nye Mts R B, 1184

(2) N.W. side of W of — NE corner of
cliffs Trend 220° — dip vertical

(3) Mt Robinson — base of W cliffs

Abundant strongly layered sand
gneisses — dip 130° / 80

Sand is abundant in and around

low rocks — ga amphibolite;
ga gtz feld gneiss; gatz gneiss (minor);
also some massive ? charnockite —

Looking gneiss. Major gneiss contains
amphibole + kyanite + garnet.

Blocks of strongly folded with steeply
dipping axes and associated circulation

and nodules — the more strongly
folded blocks are also strongly
deformed — streaked out laminae —

good quartz, mica, etc

Low minor calcareous lenses —

low calcareous with xenoliths

of greis in calcate-rich matrix
 with reaction zone (specimens)
 X-cutting pegmatite (alt.) with
 kyanite and ? hornblende, coarse
 at margins (spec) - apparently
 later than the folding. Garnet and green
 bands as banded and enclosed in more lenses
^{matrix garnet greis}

3470, 1 Garnet hornblende greis

3472 Amphibolite

3473-4 Acid garnet greis

3475 massive "chloritic" greis

3476 H. Acid greis

3477 mafic greis

3478 Marble with ~~greis~~ inclusion. (2 spec)

of quartzite

3479 ? Hornblende from pegmatite margin

④ Flat area near S end

Ht / kyanite greis - some well foliated
 greis (exposed kyanite zone) - no garnet or
 much amphibolite and mafic greis.

Red, massive greis is abundant in
 the area - some has a chloritic

look and may contain pyroxene

mafic pyroxenite and/or hornblende
rocks occur. Minor calcite rich pods
with plagioclase and ? amphibole

Some pyroxenites trend 220° .

Dip $180/80$. Lineation steeply dipping
Minor interfolial fold common.

Generally like Maldezhanga.

Bluish grey pods, calcite rich - some occur

3480 massive hornblende gneiss

3481 Massive and but ? pyroxene gneiss

3482 ? pyroxenite pod

3483 Hornblende matrix gneiss (rather fine)

3484 mafic gneiss (? pyroxene)

3485 Pyroxenite pod (? diopside)

Alderice Peak

Nye Mts R. 9, 0144

①

S side

Red and green + mafic hornblende gneiss
dip $150/70$ lineation dip $210/45$.

Hblende and biotite gneiss similar
to east localities

Some pyroxenite pods

Hbl/biotite gneiss and hbl gneiss
interlayered

coarser grained $\frac{2}{3}$ / feld. green (massive,
lacustrine) + some pegmatite segregation
X cutters pegmatite (20 cm wide) are
white, diffuse margins, contain
biotite

Red & and green in spots
chromatic appearance

3486 Massive and green
(chromatic appearance)

3487 White/blackish green

3488 227 greenish grey

Krasnaya Nek - low and near road

① 2 main rocks

NYe MKS R 9, 0137

Red and green + black amphibole:
blue green - interfolded, mobilized
acid green - many minor to macroscopic
folds + folded pegmatite and
later discordant white granite
General strike E-W, near vertical
but very contorted. Folds in layers
green to black in granite
green

3489 layered acid gneiss

3490 mafic gneiss.

3491 massive granitic gneiss

(i.e. poorly foliated, with garnet)

Krasin Ntk

Nye Mts, R11, 1165

Similar to last localities

dip 160/80

Red and/or granitic gneiss

dark mafic gneiss - granitic gneiss

Looks very narrow near mafic gneiss

Northwestern Ntk

Vertical red, white massive gneiss

with some mafic layers - similar to

~~the~~ main Ntk strike - NE-SW.

Papanin Ntk

Nye Mts R12, 0496

① Similar to Krasin

Steep to vertical granitic gneiss

with garnet - some more mafic and

mafic (SS) layers, interbedded with

massive acid gneiss (latter

predominates

The darker layers are usually
partial and rather banded (part
& lenses) - many die out laterally

The massive granitic gneiss is very
highly foliated in outcrop is probably
intrusive (metamorphosed gneiss)

3492 Garnet granitic gneiss

3493 Granitic gneiss

~~The~~

~~The~~
Phelopia layers contain biotite and/or
hornblende, garnet in the granitic gneiss

Dip 50° - 35°

parallel to the vertical - Trend 070

Greenhall Mt

Vertical trend 060

S part. - massive red gneiss + dark
beds in end - layered gneiss (and
are very light bed.

NEK 4 mls N of Greenhall Nye Mts R11, 1152

① N end rather massive green, rock is
well layered green - 20 biotite green
amphibolite etc + white marble
layers. pyroxene (epoxy + opax?)
lenses - pods also.

Marble has folded inclusions
of amphibolite > looks deformed
Dip 150/70°

Some of western pegmatites (not
seen here)

Minor folds are common

up to isoclinal and

flexion simple about

axis: ultramafic pods

3494 Garnet biotite green

3495 " " "

3496 Amphibolite

3497 Pyroxide / opax

Some garnet-bearing quartzite

2nd from N of Ward Nts Nye MWR 9, DIST

On melt lake

N end of Ntk reddish green with garnet
etc, pyroxenite

3498 granitic gneiss

3499 " "

Melt lake area massive granitic
gneiss (with kink? hypersthene) -
characteristic appearance

10/1/77

Main peak of Dismal Mts - near Summit

3500 massive granitic
(characteristic) gneiss

Red colour spots but not
streaked or in mafic

A few mafic pods, grey green
-lenses

Most of the rocks crystalline

Mafic visible in few places,
but generally fairly leucocratic

Unnamed Ntk ~40 miles W of Krukey
Peaks

Rath massive red gneiss - med.
abundant mafic layers - biotite rich
Dark garn/biot gneiss, possible
some pyroxene mafic layers (~~int~~
~~more~~ or biotite?)

Pink cross-cutting pegmatites
with abundant biotite common.
Finer-grained, int. layers have
abundant biotite & ? pyroxene.
Gneiss is complex, folded
(~~int~~ or ~~more~~ or ~~int~~ or ~~more~~ or ~~int~~ or ~~more~~)

up to at 55° but very variable

3905 Leucocratic, layered

biotite (? pyroxene) gneiss -

quartz with foliated with

qtz, biotite

3906 Coarser grained gneiss - biotite

gneiss

3907 Mafic larger - biotite + ? pyroxene

S Peak of Gromor Ntko Simson Pt, The RA

2029

① ^{insect} Field, grass all quite abundant
higher levels. The latter make
amphibolite, with the acid larger
~~appear to have~~ a characteristic
appearance. Abundant white to pink
kerolite pyromatite cuts the ~~main~~
gneisses and the contact with
the zone with the reddish-brown
adjacent to the pyromatite. A
possible major fault cuts the
main with and is cut by
pyromatites

The major gneiss locally
abundant

2208 massive and green
(? amphibolite?)

2209 Major gneiss (amphibolite or
pyromatite?)

Litke Ntk

McLeod Ntk P. 6, 2131

Very massive, poorly foliated granite
gneiss with some discontinuous lenses
and bands of more mafic gneiss

3910 Granite gneiss

The gneiss contains garnet and
pyroxene

Mt Pascoe

Red, massive, homogeneous,
poorly foliated gneiss -

3911 Acid pyroxene gneiss

Watson Ridge

Red massive, weakly banded
gneiss with pyroxene

3912 Acid gneiss

Dep. Ntk. 30'

12/1/77

Empire Pk, R 13, 2414

Tonagh Island

Two basalt dykes on
East or small island

①

Well layered brown spx gneiss
gneiss, white leucocratic gneiss, mafic
pyroxene gneiss, garnet pyroxene
gneiss (mass garnet rock) etc.

Cut by diabase dykes

Some shear zones at dyke contact
and dykes are locally foliated.

Top 250/10-15°

much sandy material, ventifacts
in situ. Chatterbox of boulders etc.

3913 leucocratic garnet gneiss

3914 brown leucocratic gneiss (spx)

3915 more mafic pyx gneiss

3916 mafic pyroxene gneiss

3917 dolerite dyke

W of Tod - mafic more massive red gneiss,
but more layered gneiss towards NW end,

cut by mafic (gneiss) -> dykes

NW end mt ~~Trail~~ Trail - well layered gneiss

cut by mafic dykes with asymmetric

light folds - steeply plunging.

Unit I (SW of Cook Is) - well layered
gneiss with asymmetric fold - steep
limb and relatively flat limb (E end
of island)

13/1/77 Tongah Island - NW end

(2)

Well layered metasedimentary gneisses -
a wide variety of types -

Qz - Plz - feldspar gneiss + garnet - Qtz - feld
gneiss with interlayered mafic-rich
rocks (up to 20%), pyroxenite (some
with garnet?), mafic pyroxene gneiss
(locally with garnet?) etc

~~Dis~~ Discordant dolerite, ~10-20 cm
across cuts the gneiss and a
possibly st. discordant mafic gneiss

A large dyke at the NW tip is
probably metamorphosed with local
development of garnet in ~~the~~
planar zones (? shears). Small
faults deform the ~~the~~ thin dolerite

garnet is quite abundant

Dip $140^{\circ}/75$

- 3918 Garnet quartzite
3919 Magnetite-quartz rock
3920 Pyroxenite
3921 mafic pyroxene gneiss
3922 mafic garnet pyroxene gneiss
3923 Pyroxene gneiss
3924 Discordant, thin dolerite dyke
3925 mafic ~~dyke~~ gneiss (possibly m/n dyke) —
cut by 3924
3926 massive dolerite dyke
3927 Same dyke w/ development
of garnet along shear zones
3928 ? Dolerite — same dyke as
above near contact
3929 Garnet pyroxenite (?)
3930 Garnet-net gneiss
3931 Pyroxenite
3932 Garnet gneiss

Bandage structures quite common

① MT Pardoe

Whole ^{beds} biotite + garnet pyroxenite with
layered ^{beds} garnet qtz feld gneiss and
garnet pyx qtz feld gneiss
Near the pyroxenite the garnet (2 pos
pyx) are replaced by biotite
Less range of rocks than last
locality, but still quite well
banded

- 3933 Lensocratic garnet gneiss
- 3934 ditto - retrogressed (ga → biot)
- 3935 massive garnet pyroxenite
gneiss (dark grey)
- 3936 ditto - retrogressed (pyx → biot)

Dip 210/15

Pyroxenite band 180°

② NE corner of Mt Pardoe

Lensed massive garnet pyroxenite
gneiss (dark grey) - some = lens ^{of} layered
garnet rich gneiss; lensocratic garnet
qtz feld gneiss; much magnetite - rich
rock (up to 25% magnetite)

... will be like ...
... seems to be rather good.

Pegmatite (white) - with much biotite
+ garnet + muscovite - retrogression
near contacts (gam → biot + stib)
prob. amphibolization of mafics

Dip 290/30°
Trend of peg = 040
Dyke trend = 110°

3937 Well foliated magnetite rock
(foliation is stronger near
pegmatite - possibly a shear zone)

3938 Amphibolite from near pegmatite

3939 massive grey garnet gneiss

3940 Sat conformable (poss. sl. discordance)
mafic rocks (2m thick)

3941 Idolite dyke (~ 1m thick)

(*) 3942 muscovite from pegmatite
(possibly for dating)

③ Mt. ... SE ...

Dip 290/70 at granitic ...
below Lenday etc.

Rock massive (but conformable and
foliated) granitic green with red
gneiss & / or pyroxene

Laminated mafic pyrox gneiss, ^{massive} leucocratic
white gneiss, laminated pyrox gneiss
gneiss etc. Some evidence of
retrogression locally (garnet → biotite)

Dip at Lenday etc. 030/25

For summit (S) ...
near summit of ... 25

3943 massive gneiss fold gneiss

3944 leucocratic gneiss gneiss

3945 mafic pyroxene gneiss

Priestley Peak

①

Map 164/25

Highly cellular garnet green (mostly
Cenozoic) with high pyroxene
and feldspar; much leucocratic
material all is well foliated.

Dolerite dykes - 2 trend (1000
060) look similar - 1. thin
to 1 inch, the other, (isolated
- 1000) 2 thin (converging)

alkaline dykes trend $\approx 30^\circ$. They
are up to 2m thick (down to 2cm
in thin veins) and contain
much mica and ? relictate

? Microcherts xenocrysts are surrounded
by mica. Some is rather large -
microcherts with mica (rather)
irregular. The alkaline ^{dykes} cut
the dolerites, but relations
of leucocratic uncertain

Near the alkaline dykes there is
much retrogression in garnet green
(300m wide - garnet but etc)
3946 Garnet green.

cont:

SW Part of mt. T. locally folded areas
a reddish granite (gran. gneiss),
Dip & strike rather variable but dips
are generally about SW.

A few come - less abundant
and are strongly layered
Steep dips in cliffs

NE cliffs & outcrops of gray
brown, layered pyroxene granite,
mostly.

3947 Thick dolerite dyke

3948 Thin dolerite dyke

3949A-D Alkaline dyke (red coarse
grained)

3950 Red fine grained alkaline dyke

3951A-C Layered alkaline dyke

3952, 34 Dolerite/alkaline dyke contact

3953, 5 Thin vein of alkaline dyke

3956 Vein of ? zirconite in dolerite

Outcrop just E of Prestley Peak

②

Map 2.30/45

~~Quartz~~ Brown (100% of 5 fold gneiss)

Quartz ~~is~~ well defined and large,

but ^{much} less variable composition than

last. Last locality 3957A Pyroxene gneiss

MT Trail NW end - str. layered

gneiss tightly folded, axial planes
rel steeply dipper - more massive
reddish gneiss on SW side, towards SE
end. Cut by dykes.

MT Tod - large, tight fold, axial
plane dipper ~ 30° to NW (estimate
only)

③ Priestley Peak - in the [unclear]

Pyroxene gneiss - strongly layered, like
N to W, with interbedded leucocratic
gneiss, garnet-pyroxene gneiss
and mafic pyroxene gneiss. Some
coarse grained black pyroxene
beds up to 30-40m long.

Dip 345 / ~30°

Dolerite dykes, - several trends
including 100°

no alkaline dykes noted

3957B Dolerite dyke

3918 mafic Pyroxene gneiss

Simpson Pt R13, 0425

① Reberham Peak - N side, 1/2 way along
dip near basin dyke.

Dip - subhorizontal

transverse, reddish pyroxene
gneiss with rather indistinct
layering cut by massive
fine dolerite dyke

Dip ~ W at ~5°
Trend of dyke ~ 160°

3960 Dolente dyke
3961 Dolente dyke

① E end — layered green, (Simpson Pk R 14
Dip N at 40° – 50° 0634)

massive reddish layers are
sandstones, some with slightly
bluish quartz; interlayers
with leucocratic sandstones
and more mafic pyroxene
gneiss. In cliffs of enlarged
recumbent folds (at dip angles
at low angles) are visible

3962, 3 massive gneiss

3964 Pyroxene gneiss

Unnamed Ntk 3 mls E of Mt Charles

Simpson Pk R 12, 0522

① Sharply layered ^{pyroxene} gneiss, + pyroxene
massive gneiss (light grey),
mafic pyroxene gneiss
Stake 070, vertical near
landing site. Large tight
folds just to N of landing

level of the ground dip is ~ 45°
to N

A few garnet of 1/2 field (granular, irregular, a few cm thick) are present. Some brittle in vertical great grain (sl. deformed)

3965 Garnet grain

3966 magic pyroxene grain

② Unnamed NTK 3-4 mls SE of Mt Charles

Similar rock to last locality and to rock immediately to the east —

Leucocratic garnet grain, more layered garnet grains, white pyroxene grains etc.

Dip 180-190 / ~ 60°
Layered rocks at landing site more massive rocks to the S!

3967 Leucocratic garnet grain

3968 Garnet grain

3969 massive, irregular (red yellow)

① mt Charles - near N end

Simpson PK R11, 1111

Well. Layered gamet. of field grass (Lanceolate)
with more mafic Pigeon green
and some rather fissile, rusty weathering
gamet. green with ? siltstone
Beetle is present in some of
the gamet. greenies, & is fairly abundant
The gamet. locally has a laminar
texture.

Dip is - 020/50 at base,
like, just to the N in
wind some it is north.

Dolomite dip to 120°

- 3970 Gamet. green (+ siltstone?)
- 3971 Gamet. green (+ siltstone beetle?)
- 3972 Pigeon green
- 3973 Dolomite

The pigeon. greenies are rather
more mafic and finer grained (~1mm)

They are associated with strongly
foliated dry field grass with a
"granular" texture.

Mt Bennett - thin spur at NE

①

end

massive red 'characteristic pyroxene
gness with coarse grained, conformable
pegmatitic segregations containing
(pyx, qtz, feld) - coarse qtz.

more mafic layers are granoblastic
fine, even-grained pyroxene
granulites

Dp 060/10

A cliff a thick mafic

layer may be a metamorphosed

dike - it appears to be
slightly discordant, but this
is uncertain

The main summit area consists
of more strongly layered, light
and dark gneisses, and has
the deformed leucic dikes

3974 Acid pyroxene gneiss

3975 Mafic pyroxene gneiss

3976 mafic pyroxene gneiss

(2)

Dip - 300/45

Layered gneisses - coarse grey

gneiss pegmatite zones in sub-

conformable segregation, locally

discordant and in discrete veins -

white feldspar, grey qtz, rare garnet -

some evidence of deformation -

feldspar augen; and retrogression -

replacement of garnet by dark

greenish chlorite or biotite.

Dark grey, finer grained "Charnokitic" more

layered

gneiss with some garnet in

? pyroxene is intruded by these

pegmatite. Also white garnet

leucogneiss (some retrogression), some

more mafic ? pyroxene green

and pink granite (veins?) -

field relations not seen.

All are cut by dolerite dykes

3977 Dolerite

3975 Granite

3974 Garnet leucogneiss from

pegmatite zone

182 - large white veins
183 - Reddish brown green

③ Grimsley Peak - 2nd Ntk from
W (near S end)

reddish

Massive chamoelite - very poor
foliation (almost indeterminate, least
dip at point near landing is 330/70.

Some white layers & inclusions
Some bluish or greyish quartz-rich
inclusions and lenses (diffuse, well defined, etc.)

A few ^{green} inclusions are light in colour (almost
white) ~~and~~ which contrasts with
the dark reddish brown of the

chamoelite (grey on fresh surface)

3984, Massive chamoelite

with a few feldspar auger - 1/20 cm

3986 nice rich feldspar

④ Eastern Ntk (H end)

Similar to Mt Bennett - layered

1 grey, pegmatite, gneiss —
 interlayered, cut by dolerite dykes
 mafic pyroxene gneiss is mod. abundant
 in zone's was linked - but pyroxene
 in coarse grained, leucocratic larger
 much retrogression locally - some
 clear - fracture zones, (biotite
 replacing pyroxene etc.) - Amphibolite
 in one locality

39878 mafic pyroxene gneiss

3989 massive charnockitic gneiss

3990 ? Amphibolite (rather scarce)

Mt. Maines - W side

Mt. God/McLeod NE of R2

- ① Similar to east locality and to 127
 but ~~more~~ layered & pyroxene
 zones with coarse grained, mobilized
 pyroxene gneiss (with pegmatite
 with subconformable locally (scattered)
 Gneiss occurs locally.
 much retrogression, especially
 in coarse grained part (results
 of layered gneiss in granitic

3993-3 Altered pyroxene gneiss (biotite → pyroxene)
3994 ~~Altered~~ Biotite gneiss (retrograde)

② Northernmost of 2 rhyolite NE of McManis

Similar to last locality, but less retrograde.
Well layered pyroxene gneiss —
rather micritic — pegmatitic layers
with pyroxene. Some other layers
(pyroxene + biotite). — somewhat
bandaged. On SE side of Nbk —
massive charnockitic gneiss.

2 dolerite dykes trend NNE

Top of gneiss 110/80°

Gneiss is fairly light in colour
(unlike massive charnockite)

3995 Biotite pyroxene gneiss (hope)

3996 Pyroxene gneiss

3997 Mottled (unfoliated) acid
gneiss isolated

Much diffuse layering, $\frac{1}{2}$ inch scale, pegmatitic
segregations etc. Pyroxene in pegmatite
but probably some replacement by
biotite

mt Breckinridge

10/18/77

small, red, massive characteristic

g. has "to NW"

Similar to N Bennett and let stop
at Grouse Peaks

NW face of mt. Breckinridge is
also ^{red} massive characteristic gneiss

mt Codrington

10/1/77

mt. Codrington

2272

③ NW border spur - Base of cliffs on NE
side.

Steeply dipping grey gneiss -

strongly folded with v. abundant pegmatites
(of fold belt; of amphiboles)

Most of the gneiss is sericitic,
with ^{small} abundant biotite (some apparently
replacing ? pyroxene) - amphibole in

more mafic layers - The gneiss is
partly unaltered - it becomes virtually

unfoliated, with lots of mafic
minerals and is locally intrusive. Larger
gneiss bands (some unaltered) are

~~Some of the~~ ~~in~~ ~~the~~ ~~massive~~
~~metamorphosed~~ ~~green~~

Pyroxenes are partly conformable,
but many are discordant - very
variable trends (most are thin 1/2 to 1 in
or so).

Epidote veins quite abundant,
and locally small shears are present.

A few layers have garnet and
possibly relict pyroxene. Amphibole also present.

3998 mafic kistite gneiss

3999 foliated ^{gneiss} and kistite gneiss

4000 lt. foliated grey kistite gneiss

4301 massive kistite granitic gneiss

4302 massive reddish garnet gneiss

(decoloration with kistite or pyroxene)

Mr. God R 13 / 2272

④ Fuel Depot 1921

265 750

298.19 898.12

Worche Ntk

Mt Cord 25/1044

near summit (at sea)

①	Baro	750	265	2000 + 6°C
		926.64	926.61	

Both purplest grey *Leucoglossa*
 with *gambelii* and ? *Pyrozele*
 Much evidence of other species
 (possibly) Some lighter green
 coarse grasses 1/3 (grey) hair
 2 (1 year) species
 Pyrozele pods & white grass
 also present
 Vertical stakes 0.9m tall
 landing site (difficult to see)
 At landing site - plants starting
 bands 350 (vertical)
 4303, 4 Massum and grass

② Mt Bessie Old end (near sea field
 camp)

Purple *Leucoglossa* like *gambelii*
 locally, *Leucoglossa* 95/field

Dep 080/00.

Cut by dolerite dyke (?) (trend 330°)

Mass of mt appears to be of
massive purplish $\frac{2}{3}$ field green

4305 massive ^{zoned} and green

4306 white / leucocratic gneiss

4307 Dolerite dyke (?)

③ Ptyg & new peak

massive purplish gneiss (white of
it is similar.

lighter coarse grained garnet leucogneiss
and pink deformed hornblende (locally
massive gneiss elsewhere pink / grey
gty gneiss).

Barite is included. Purplish
gneiss is intersected along some veins
Dep. 010/10.

Dolerite dyke trend 020

1304 200.50 dyke

Rudmore Brown Peak Mt Coed 123/0884

Baro	2154	0°C
750	265	
930.95	3931.00	

① NW side of ridge - just crossed from
ice.

Rocks look similar to Hurley
and Kenose - massive and
green - with purplish colour &
much evidence of retrogression -
faint in one sample, possibly
pyroxene in some, but much
evidence of alteration
to rocks in situ.

4311, 2 massive - almost
faintly spotted -

mt oldfield

Pl. Ross-Island, F. 14, 0836

①

W end of main peak 222

Dip 230/30°

V. Massive reddish chloromylonite

pyroxene grains - poorly foliated
little banding, lenses and inclusions
of more mafic gneiss (mesocratic) &
phyroxenite.

Interlayers with massive white
quartz feldspar gneiss (also with
xenoliths) and mafic pyroxene
gneiss

Dolente dyke trend N/S
and steep 050° (particularly
adjacent to ~~steep~~ dyke
margins.

much of Oldfield consists of
massive pyroxenite gneiss

4313, 4 massive chloromylonite gneiss

4315 some very folded gneiss

4316 mafic pyroxenite gneiss

4317 Dolente dyke

int ~~W. Charles~~ Charles

① In sandy spots as last note (side) Probable alkaline dyke - rather steared.

4318 Metamorphosed dyke.

4319 Metamorphosed dyke - contact with garnet gneiss

NK 4m NW of Mt Brockelsby

① (N. of group) Sample R 12 0528
Dip 33°/25

Largely garnet gtz fdd gneiss (grey to white) mafic pyroxene gneiss and massive reddish acid pyroxene gneiss. Similar rocks to Kabanian Peak and those SW of int. Charles. Some of the massive red pyroxene gneiss contain garnet.

4320 massive pyroxene ? garnet gneiss

4321 fdd garnet gtz fdd gneiss

4322 mafic pyroxene gneiss

mt Brockelsby

Simpson PK R12, 0527

①

side of summit (~20 m below
highest point

massive reddish charnockitic

pyroxene gneiss with zone

coarser grained pink feld / quartz /

minor black pyroxene aggregates
and some thin fine grained

major layers (pyroxene / plagi)

Dip 160/80°

A dolerite dyke at the

end of the mountain was not
apparently accessible

Some of the gneiss has a

more friable character, possibly
due to development of joints

4323, 4 massive greyish-brown
and pyroxene gneiss

Dip 320/30.

mt Gordon

- ① massive pyroxene ^{or} ~~or~~ feld gneiss
with ~~some~~ (some up) of
mafic gneiss. Pyroxene is probably
present in these, but some looks
like amphibole.

The acid gneiss is brownish ^{mostly}
colour, but some feldspar grains
are quite a dark brown (cf macon
charoite), others are cream.

Qtz is grey or bluish

4325 Pyroxene gneiss (acid)

4326 Mafic gneiss

Francis Peaks

Simpson Pk R13, 0439

- ① S peak - base of SE ridge. (SW side)

Massive charoite gneiss

Little layering apparent, except for
coarser grained quartzofeldspathic
layers.

Little mafic gneiss, although

the mafic layers are present.

Pyroxene is present in some of the
acid gneiss, in addition to pyroxene

Dolomite dykes are present, including
the one that to the S of W. Branch
Peaks (W. Branch)

Dips are mainly to the NW
(hard to steep) but at the
landing spot the dip is 020/80
4327, 8 Massive reddish charoiteite
pyroxene gneiss.

② Small Mkt on SW of SW Peak.

Massive ^{red} charoiteite pyroxene gneiss,
similar to local locality - same garnet
present locally. Minor cleavage
& foliation zones. That much more
gneiss. Trend 210 vertical
Cut by fresh dolomite dyke
4329 Massive charoiteite gneiss.
(pyroxene + ? garnet).

Barkell Nick

PAV 112

①

Massive reddish chamoetatic pyroxene
gneiss with some mafic pyroxene
gneiss similar to Lake localities
Some more mafic gneiss and
some garnet gneiss locally.

Discordant(?) retrogression zones
are present. Gneiss is bleached,
deformed, and mafic replaced
by biotite.

Dep at S end is ~330/70
4330 massive reddish
chamoetatic gneiss

Pythogora Peak

NE corner mostly reddish, massive
charnockitic greiss

Summit 200 + some massive greiss
with some lighter interlayered greiss

mt Dugess - Similar to Pythogora -
^{microscopic} red massive greiss, light coloured greiss etc.

mt Miller (S.W.) Rather massive greiss
+ interlayered banded greiss (light coloured)
with thin horn dykes NW is similar

mt Bartlett E well layered greiss,
cf Lophoceros mts. (complexly folded)
W half is similar ~~to Bartlett~~ with
~~dykes~~, steep dips

mt Codrington R 3, 0907

mt Storey S.E. spur - saddle ore

- ① Mod well layered pyroxene greiss -
massive reddish charnockitic greiss,
well banded, more mafic pyroxene
greiss (grey to dark grey) and
pyroxene gneiss with fold greiss (with the
white leucocratic gneiss greiss

(but ^{often} has much) a few thin
 epidote veins + blue quartz veins
 Some of the largest masses ^{elsewhere}
 have a strong lamination (mineral
 aggregates) and a few look
 relatively deformed - feldspar argen
 (one) - well layered quartz
 green etc

- 4331 Reddish, coarse grained granitic
masses
- 4332, 3 Massive gray pyroxene
masses (+ some holes)
- 4334 mafic pyroxene masses

mt Letten ridge on S side

(2) Similar to last locality
 Rather massive characteristic green
 with interlayered mafic pyroxene
 green and some granitic green
 (rather rusty weathering)
 Deformed like dykes etc (streaked
 at felds)

at this
location

biotite and/or amphibole
replace pyroxene etc. Inks to
more green becomes black and
white (layered) — possibly some
deformation and alteration (colour
change in feldspar — to white)

The massive reddish green
becomes more purple in colour
(again colour change in feldspar?)
of the Biocoe area.

Thin mylonite zones etc are
present

4335 massive charoakite green
(rather altered)

4336 Altered green (amphibole/
biotite)

Dip - 180 - 210 and 10 - 20°

W side of Mt. Bartlett is similar
green



